







# Integrating Water in Financial Decision-Making

Simone Dettling, 4th April 2016









# Financing the Green Transformation

#### Global Financial Markets:

255 trillion USD

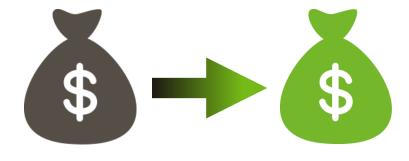


Annual need additional climate investments ca. 1.5 trillion USD (IEA) and investments in water ca. 1 trillion USD

(McKinsey)

### Hence:













## Emerging Markets Dialogue on Green Finance

## **Objective**

redirect capital flows away from assets that deplete natural capital towards climate- and eco-friendly investments.



### **Approach**

Work with financial institutions from G20 economies to integrate environmental indicators in lending and investment decisions, product development and risk management.

Joint Development of Tools and Methodologies

Research and Capacity
Building

Market Development for Green Bonds:
Strategic Alliance









# Participating Financial Institutions

































**Total Assets** 10 trillion USD

























## Approach

Combine Three Sources of Data

Global data on water stress (WRI)

Data on location of operations (Bloomberg)

Corporate credit Information

#### **WATER VALUE**



**Calculate shadow prices** 

#### **COSTS FOR WATER**

$$\triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle = $$$

Combine company data with location-specific price

	COMPANY FINANCIAL SPREADSHEE	X
	P&L, US \$ DOLLARS MILLION	2014
	REVENUES	30,222
	OPERATING COSTS	-27,474
	ADDITIONAL WATER OPEX	-298
	NON OPERATING SPECIAL ITEMS	-469
	SHARE OF NET INCOME FROM ASSOCS AND JVS	168
	OTHER SPECIAL ITEMS	4,514
	EBIT UNDERLYING	6663

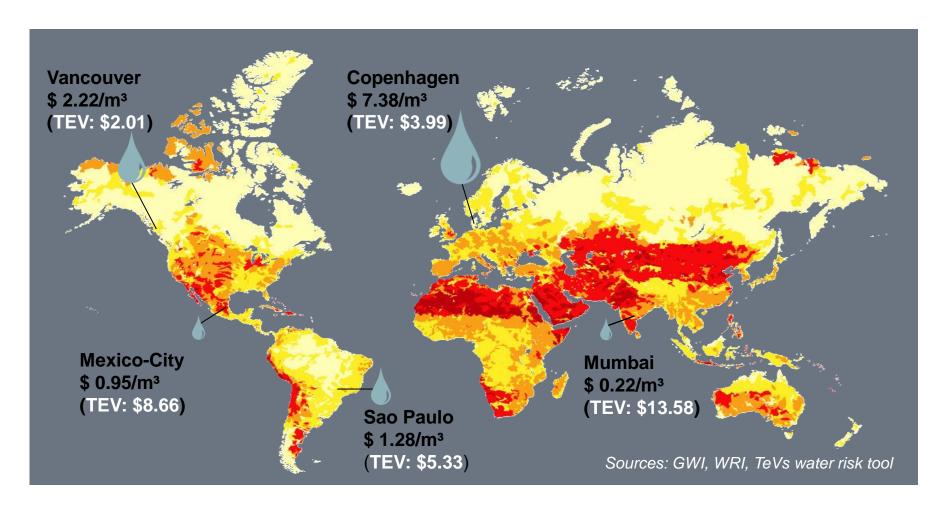
**Adjust credit ratios** 







## Water Stress vs. Water Prices



→ Gap between shadow price and current cost as measure for risk



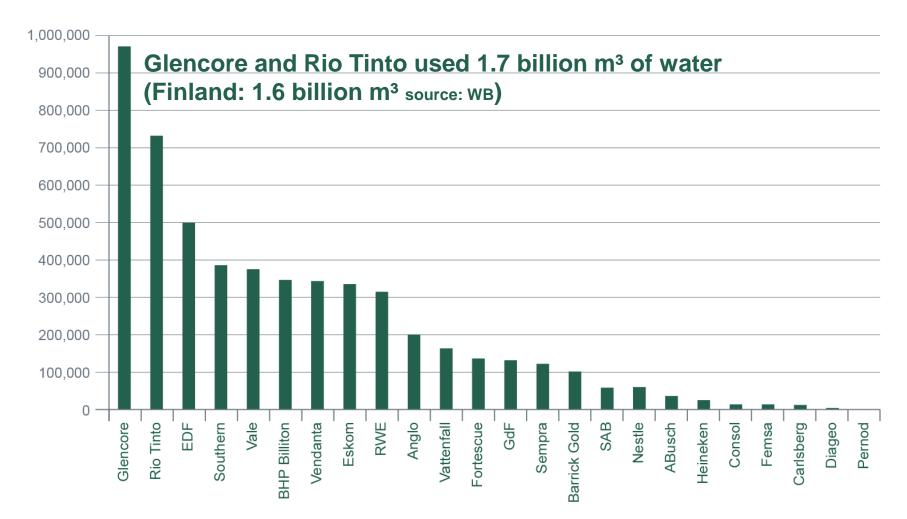






## **Annual Water Use**

In thousand cubic meters; for 24 companies in three sectors: mining, power, food&beverage



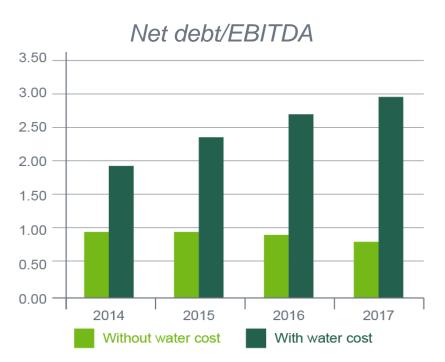


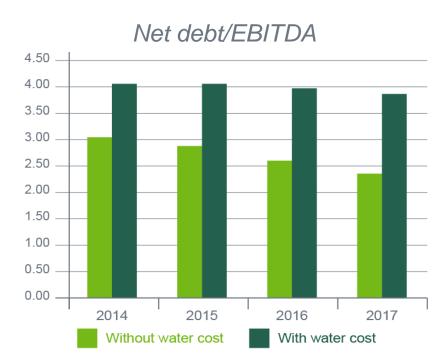






# Highlighted Results: Mining





Rio Tinto: ratio rises by 200% to 2.96x in 2017

Vedanta: ratio rises to 4 in 2014

→ non-investment grade?

→ Higher cost of capital incentivizes investments in water efficiency and supply security









# Application by Financial Institutions



Corporate Due Diligence



Portfolio Review



**Engagement** 



Product Development

























## Pilot Project Environmental Stress Testing

## **Objective**

Develop and test an analytical framework and model that allows banks to assess the potential impact of environmental shocks on the performance of their corporate loan portfolio.



2-3 **drought scenarios** per focus country (Mexico, Brazil, China, India, US) that simulate the impact of drought on water availability, taking into account local water infrastructure



Model to estimate the effects of drought on up to 8-12 industries in country reflecting direct and indirect impacts as well as macro-economic feedbacks/political decisions.



Model that links drought impacts to drivers of corporate credit quality (such as profitability, leverage) and can be plugged into or inform banks' internal stress testing models.







# Thank you for your kind attention.

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